

Physical Education – Early Years Foundation Stage and The National Curriculum

By the end of each Key Stage, children are expected to:

EYFS	KS1	KS2
Early Learning Goals:	Pupils should develop fundamental movement	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range
Personal, Social and Emotional Development ELG:	skills, become increasingly competent and	of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link
Show an understanding of their own feelings and	confident and access a broad range of	them to make actions and sequences of movement. They
hose of others, and begin to regulate their	opportunities to extend their agility, balance and	should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing
behaviour accordingly	coordination, individually and with others. They	with each other. They should develop an understanding of
Give focused attention to what the teacher says,	should be able to engage in competitive (both	how to improve in different physical activities and sports and
esponding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions	against self and against others) and co- operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly	learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.
nvolving several ideas or actions.	challenging situations.	Pupils should be taught to:
Be confident to try new activities and show		
ndependence, resilience and perseverance in the		 use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation
ace of challenge	Pupils should be taught to:	and in combination
Explain the reasons for rules, know right from		 play competitive games, modified where appropriate[for
wrong and try to behave accordingly	 master basic movements including running, 	example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey,
Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others	jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination,	netball, rounder's and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs	and begin to apply these in a range of activities	develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and
	 participate in team games, developing 	balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
Physical Development ELG:	simple tactics for attacking and defending	 perform dances using a range of movement patterns
Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with	 perform dances using simple movement 	 take part in outdoor and adventurous activity
consideration for themselves and others	patterns	challenges both individually and within a team
Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination		• compare their performances with previous ones and
when playing		
Move energetically, such as running, jumping,		demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal
Jancing, hopping, skipping and climbing		best

Year 6	Year 6 Overview		Key Skills	
	Each dance unit covers four different themes, with three lessons of planning for each theme. If you want to teach just 6 lessons of dance you can choose two of the four themes. Learning is progressively embedded complete within each theme so your pupils won't miss	Physical	Actions, dynamics, space, relationships	
	out on learning and the lessons will still flow.	Social	Share ideas, collaboration, support, communication, inclusion, respect, leadership	
Demos	Pupils will focus on developing an idea or theme into dance choreography. They will work in pairs and groups using different choreographing tools to create dances e.g. formations,			
Dance Year 6	timing, dynamics. Pupils will have opportunities to choreograph and provide feedback on dance. Pupils think about how to use movement to convey ideas, emotions, feelings and characters. Pupils will show an awareness of keeping others safe and will have the opportunity to lead others through short warm ups.	Emotional	Confidence, self-regulation, perseverance, determination, integrity, empathy	
	This unit links to the following strand of the NC: perform dances using a range of movement patterns.	Thinking	Creativity, observation, provide feedback, comprehension, use feedback to improve, select and apply skills	
	Handball is an invasion game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of attacking and defending principles of invasion games. In all games activities, pupils hat think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In har	Physical	Throw, catch, run, dribble, shoot, change direction, change speed	
pupils do this by mainta develop their understar	pupils do this by maintaining possession and moving the ball towards goal to score. Pupils develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self-managing games and learning and abiding by key rules, as well as evaluating their own and others'	Social	Communication, kindness, respect, collaboration	
Handball Year 6	performances.	Emotional	Confidence, honesty and fair play, determination, perseverance	
cat	This unit links to the following strands of the NC: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	Thinking	Select and apply, decision making, problem solving, comprehension, reflection	