

Physical Education – Early Years Foundation Stage and The National Curriculum

By the end of each Key Stage, children are expected to:

EYFS	KS1	KS2
Early Learning Goals: Personal, Social and Emotional Development ELG: -Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly -Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actionsBe confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge -Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly -Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others -Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs Physical Development ELG: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others -Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing -Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co- operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: • master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending • perform dances using simple movement patterns	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate[for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounder's and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] perform dances using a range of movement patterns take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best

the p fieldi overa	unders is a striking and fielding game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of e principles of striking and fielding. Pupils develop the quality and consistency of their	Physical	
	lding skills and understanding of when to use them such as throwing underarm and	,	Throw, catch, bowl, bat, field
Rounders In all	in all games detivities, papin have to timin about now they are skind, strategies and tactics	Social	Communication, collaboration, respect, co-operation
i ear u	outwit the opposition. Pupils work with a partner and group to organise and self-manage eir own games. Pupils play with honesty and fair play when playing competitively.	Emotional	Honesty, self regulation, sportsmanship
catch	This unit links to the following strands of the NC: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.	Thinking	Select and apply skills, reflection, assess, tactics
This	This unit is aimed at intermediate swimmers. Pupils focus on swimming more fluently and with increased confidence and control. Pupils work to improve their swimming strokes,	Physical	Rotation, scull, tread water, glide, front crawl, backstroke, breaststroke, surface dives, float, huddle and H.E.L.P. position
Swimming afloat and propel themselves through the water. Pupils are given the opportunit creative, designing their own personal survival course and creating a synch	arn personal survival techniques and how to stay safe around water. Pupils have to keep oat and propel themselves through the water. Pupils are given the opportunity to be	Social	Support others, work safely, inclusion, communication, collaboration
	imming sequence. Pupils take part in team games, collaborating and communicating with	Emotional	Determination, work fairly, honesty, confidence, perseverance
		Thinking	Comprehension, creativity, make decisions, tactics