



# Physical Education – Early Years Foundation Stage and The National Curriculum

By the end of each Key Stage, children are expected to:

| EYFS  | KS1   | KS2   |
|---|---|---|
| <p><b>Early Learning Goals:</b></p> <p><i>Personal, Social and Emotional Development ELG:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly</li> <li>-Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.</li> <li>-Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge</li> <li>-Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly</li> <li>-Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others</li> <li>-Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs</li> </ul> <p><i>Physical Development ELG:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others</li> <li>-Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing</li> <li>-Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing</li> </ul> | <p>Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co- operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.</p> <p><i>Pupils should be taught to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities</li> <li>• participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending</li> <li>• perform dances using simple movement patterns</li> </ul> | <p>Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.</p> <p><i>Pupils should be taught to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination</li> <li>• play competitive games, modified where appropriate[for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounder's and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending</li> <li>• develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]</li> <li>• perform dances using a range of movement patterns</li> <li>• take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team</li> <li>• compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best</li> </ul> |

| Year 6               | Overview   | Key Skills |  |
|----------------------|--|------------|--|
| Gymnastics<br>Year 6 | <p>In this unit, pupils use their knowledge of compositional principles e.g. how to use variations in level, direction and pathway, how to combine and link actions, how to relate to a partner and apparatus, when developing sequences. They build trust when working collaboratively in larger groups, using formations to improve the aesthetics of their performances. Pupils are given opportunities to receive and provide feedback in order to make improvements on performances. In gymnastics as a whole, pupils develop performance skills considering the quality and control of their actions.</p> <p>If teaching only 6 lessons of this unit, teach lesson numbers 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11.</p> <p>This unit links to the following strands of the NC: develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.</p>              | Physical   | Straddle roll, forward roll, backward roll, counter balance, counter tension, bridge, shoulder stand, handstand, cartwheel, flight |
|                      |  | Social     | Work safely, collaboration, communication, respect   |
|                      |  | Emotional  | Independence, confidence, determination  |
|                      |  | Thinking   | Observe and provide feedback, comprehension, select and apply actions, evaluate and improve sequences                              |
| Netball<br>Year 6    | <p>Netball is an invasion game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the attacking and defending principles of invasion games. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In netball pupils do this by maintaining possession and moving the ball towards goal to score. Pupils develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self-managing games and learning and abiding by key rules, as well as evaluating their own and others' performances.</p> <p>This unit links to the following strands of the NC: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.</p> | Physical   | Throw, catch, change direction, change speed, shoot  |
|                      |  | Social     | Communication, collaboration, respect  |
|                      |  | Emotional  | Honesty and fair play, pride, empathise, persevere   |
|                      |  | Thinking   | Select and apply, decision making, comprehension   |